EXHIBIT A

ORACLE'S PROPOSED FINAL JUDGMENT

1	WHEREAS a jury trial was held in this matter from April 16 to May 23, 2012;		
2	WHEREAS a partial jury verdict was rendered on May 7, 2012, on Oracle's copyright		
3	infringement claim, finding that (1) Google infringed the structure, sequence, and organization or		
4	the accused 37 Java API packages, but failing to reach a verdict on whether the use constituted		
5	"fair use"; (2) Google did not infringe as to the documentation for the accused 37 Java API		
6	packages; (3) Google did infringe as to the rangeCheck code in TimSort.java and		
7	ComparableTimSort.java; (4) Google did not infringe as to the eight decompiled files (seven		
8	"Impl.java" files and one "ACL" file); and (5) Google did not infringe as to the English-language		
9	comments in CodeSourceTest.java and CollectionCertStoreParametersTest.java;		
10	WHEREAS, on May 11, 2012, the Court granted Oracle's motion for judgment of		
11	copyright infringement as to the eight decompiled files;		
12	WHEREAS a jury verdict was rendered on May 23, 2012, on Oracle's patent infringement		
13	claims, finding that Google did not infringe U.S. Patents RE38,104 and 6,061,520;		
14	WHEREAS, on May 31, 2012, the Court dismissed Oracle's claim for copyright		
15	infringement as to the structure, sequence, and organization of the accused 37 Java API packages;		
16	WHEREAS, on May 31, 2012, the Court, sitting as the trier-of-fact, rejected on the merits		
17	Google's affirmative defenses of implied license and waiver, for both copyright and patent		
18	infringement, and denied Google's equitable estoppel and laches defenses as moot;		
19	WHEREAS Google voluntarily withdrew its invalidity defenses to the '104 and '520		
20	patents; and		
21	WHEREAS Oracle voluntarily withdrew its claims for infringement of U.S. Patents		
22	6,125,447; 6,192,476; 5,966,702; 7,426,720; and 6,910,205; under the terms set forth by the		
23	Court in its orders of May 3, 2011 and March 2, 2012, specifying that "Oracle may not renew		
24	those infringement claims in a subsequent action except as to new products";		
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1 Therefore, good cause appearing, it is **ORDERED**, **ADJUDGED**, **AND DECREED** that: 2 1 Oracle's Claim for Infringement of the '447 Patent (Count I) is voluntarily dismissed with prejudice.¹ 3 2. Oracle's Claim for Infringement of the '476 Patent (Count II) is voluntarily 4 5 dismissed with prejudice. 6 3. Oracle's Claim for Infringement of the '702 Patent (Count III) is voluntarily 7 dismissed with prejudice. 8 4. Oracle's Claim for Infringement of the '720 Patent (Count IV) is voluntarily 9 dismissed with prejudice. 10 5 On Oracle's Claim for Infringement of the '104 Patent (Count V), judgment is 11 entered in favor of Google, pursuant to the jury's May 23, 2012 verdict of non-infringement. 12 6. Oracle's Claim for Infringement of the '205 Patent (Count VI) is voluntarily 13 dismissed with prejudice. 14 7. On Oracle's Claim for Infringement of the '520 Patent (Count VII), judgment is 15 entered in favor of Google, pursuant to the jury's May 23, 2012 verdict of non-infringement. 16 8. On Oracle's Claim for Copyright Infringement (Count VIII) as to the 17 documentation for the accused 37 Java API packages, judgment is entered in favor of Google, 18 pursuant to the jury's May 7, 2012 verdict of non-infringement. 19 9. On Oracle's Claim for Copyright Infringement (Count VIII) as to the rangeCheck 20 code in TimSort.java and ComparableTimSort.java, judgment is entered in favor of Oracle, 21 pursuant to the jury's May 7, 2012 verdict of infringement. Statutory damages for Google's 22 infringement as to the rangeCheck code are set in the amount of \$ 10. 23 On Oracle's Claim for Copyright Infringement (Count VIII) as to the English-24 language comments in CodeSourceTest.java and CollectionCertStoreParametersTest.java, 25 ¹ All patent infringement claims that are voluntarily dismissed under this Judgment are 26 dismissed with prejudice except as to new products that Google may introduce after the date of 27 this Judgment, pursuant to the terms of the Court's May 3, 2011 and March 2, 2012 orders. 28

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1	judgment is entered in favor of Google, pursuant to the jury's May 7, 2012 verdict of non-		
2	infringement.		
3	11. On Oracle's Claim for Copyright Infringement (Count VIII) as to the eight		
4	decompiled files (seven "Impl.java" files and one "ACL" file), judgment is entered in favor of		
5	Oracle, pursuant to the Court's order of May 11, 2012. Statutory damages for Google's		
6	infringement as to the eight decompiled files are set in the amount of \$		
7	12. Oracle's Claim for Copyright Infringement (Count VIII) as to the structure,		
8	sequence, and organization of the accused 37 Java API packages is dismissed with prejudice,		
9	pursuant to the Court's order of May 31, 2012.		
10	13. Google's affirmative defenses of invalidity of the '104 and '520 Patents are		
11	voluntarily dismissed with prejudice.		
12	14. Google's affirmative defenses of implied license and waiver, for both copyright		
13	and patent infringement, are dismissed with prejudice, pursuant to the Court's May 31, 2012		
14	order.		
15	15. On Google's Counterclaim for Declaratory Judgment of Non-Infringement of the		
16	'104 Patent (Count One), judgment is entered in favor of Google, pursuant to the jury's May 23		
17	2012 verdict of non-infringement. The Court declares that Google has not infringed and does no		
18	infringe the '104 Patent.		
19	16. Google's Counterclaim for Declaratory Judgment of Invalidity of the '104 Patent		
20	(Count Two) is voluntarily dismissed with prejudice.		
21	17. Google's Counterclaim for Declaratory Judgment of Non-Infringement of the '70		
22	Patent (Count Three) is dismissed as moot in light of Oracle's voluntary dismissal of its		
23	infringement claim.		
24	18. Google's Counterclaim for Declaratory Judgment of Invalidity of the '702 Patent		
25	(Count Four) is dismissed as moot in light of Oracle's voluntary dismissal of its infringement		
26	claim.		
27	19. On Google's Counterclaim for Declaratory Judgment of Non-Infringement of the		
28	'520 Patent (Count Five), judgment is entered in favor of Google, pursuant to the jury's May 23		

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1	DATED this day of June, 2012.	BY THE COURT:
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3		By: Hon. William H. Alsup United States District Court Judge
4		United States District Court Judge
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